

Common non-toxic (safe) plants.

- The following plants are known to be safe or non-poisonous. It is important to remember, though, that children and animals can choke on any plant. **This is not a complete list.**

African violet	Donkey tail	Peperomia
Air fern	Dracena	Piggyback plant
Aluminum plant	Fitttonia, red	Pilea
Aralia	Fuchsia	Polka dot plant
Areca palm	Ferns (many are non-toxic)	Prayer plant
Baby tears	Forsythia	Pregnancy plant
Begonia (except sand begonia)	Gardenia	Primula
Birch berry	Hawthorne	Purple passion
Bloodleaf plant	Hibiscus	Purple velvet
Boston fern	Honeysuckle	Rubber plant
Bromeliads	Impatiens	Schefflera
Butterfly	Inch plant	Snake plant
Cactus, Christmas	Jade plant	Snowball tree
Calathea, painted	Japanese aralia	Spider plant
California poppy	Kalanchoe	Sumac
Camellia	Lady's slipper	Swedish ivy
Coleus	Lipstick plant	Tiger lily (toxic to cats)
Corn plant	Manzanita	Umbrella plant
Croton (most are non-toxic)	Marigold	Velvet plant
Creeping Charlie	Mountian ash	Violets
Dandelion	Nasturtium	Wandering Jew
Dogwood	Palm	Zebra plant
	Patient Lucy	

List of toxic (unsafe) plants on back...

Visit www.wapc.org for a longer list of non-toxic and toxic plants including the scientific names.

Expert Poison Information 24/7: 1-800-222-1222

Common toxic (unsafe) plants.

- ▶ Many toxic plants produce very minor symptoms such as a stomach upset, mouth and throat pain or skin rash. If large quantities are swallowed, or if a person frequently takes smaller amounts of the plant, more serious symptoms could develop. Some people are more sensitive to the toxic effects of plants than are others. It is very rare for plants to cause life-threatening symptoms.

This is not a complete list.

Amaryllis – 2	Firethorn – 2,4	Philodendron – 3,4
Azalea – 1	Foxglove – 1	Periwinkle – 1
Begonia – 2,3	Glory lily – 1	Poinsettia – 2,4
Bird of Paradise – 2	Goldenchain tree– 2	Poison ivy – 2,4
Buttercup – 2,4	Holly berry – 2	Poppy – 2,4
Calla lily – 3,4	Horsechestnut – 2	Poison hemlock – 1
Camphor tree – 2	Hyacinth – 2,4	Potato plant – 1
Carnation – 2,4	Hydrangea blossom – 1,4	Pothos – 3,4
Castor bean – 1	Iris – 2,4	Pyracantha – 2,4
Chinese evergreen – 3,4	Jack-in-the-pulpit – 3,4	Rhododendron – 1
Chrysanthemum – 2,4	Jequirity bean – 1	Rhubarb leaves – 3
Cotoneaster berry – 2	Jerusalem cherry – 1	Rosary bean – 1
Cyclamen – 2,4	Jimson weed – 1	Skunk cabbage – 2
Daffodil bulb – 2,4	Juniper – 2	Snow-on-the-mountian – 2,4
Daisy – 2,4	Larkspur – 1	Spider lily – 2
Daphne – 1	Laurel cherry – 1	St. Johnswort – 1,4
Death camas – 1	Lily-of-the-valley – 1,2	Tomato leaves – 1,4
Dumbcane – 3	Mistletoe – 2,4	Tulips – 2,4
English laurel – 1	Morning glory seeds – 1	Virginia creeper – 3,4
Elderberry – 1	Nightshade, Deadly – 1	Water hemlock – 1
Elephant ears – 3,4	Oleander – 1,4	Wintersweet – 1
Eucalyptus – 2,4	Oak tree – 2,4	Yew berry – 1

▶ Toxicity Class:

1. **Major Toxicity**

These plants may cause serious illness or death. If ingested, immediately call the Poison Center at **1-800-222-1222**.

2. **Minor Toxicity**

Ingestion of these plants may cause minor illnesses such as vomiting or diarrhea. If ingested, call the Poison Center at **1-800-222-1222**.

3. **Oxalates**

The juice or sap of these plants contains oxalate crystals. These needle-shaped crystals can irritate the skin, mouth, tongue, and throat, resulting in throat swelling, breathing difficulties, burning pain, and stomach upset. Call the Poison Center at **1-800-222-1222** if any of these symptoms appear following ingestion of plants.

4. **Dermatitis**

The juice, sap, or thorns of these plants may cause a skin rash or irritation. Wash the affected area of skin with soap and water as soon as possible after contact. The rashes may be very serious and painful. Call the Poison Center **1-800-222-1222** if symptoms appear following contact with the plants.